

Section : VARC





The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

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What is a historical fact? . . . According to the common-sense view, there are certain basic facts which are the same for all historians and which form, so to speak, the backbone of history—the fact, for example, that the Battle of Hastings was fought in 1066. But this view calls for two observations. In the first place, it is not with facts like these that the historian is primarily concerned. It is no doubt important to know that the great battle was fought in 1066 and not in 1065 or 1067, and that it was fought at Hastings and not at Eastbourne or Brighton. The historian must not get these things wrong. But [to] praise a historian for his accuracy is like praising an architect for using well-seasoned timber or properly mixed concrete in his building. It is a necessary condition of his work, but not his essential function. It is precisely for matters of this kind that the historian is entitled to rely on what have been called the "auxiliary sciences" of history—archaeology, epigraphy, numismatics, chronology, and so forth. . . .

The second observation is that the necessity to establish these basic facts rests not on any quality in the facts themselves, but on an apriori decision of the historian. In spite of C. P. Scott's motto, every journalist knows today that the most effective way to influence opinion is by the selection and arrangement of the appropriate facts. It used to be said that facts speak for themselves. This is, of course, untrue. The facts speak only when the historian calls on them: it is he who decides to which facts to give the floor, and in what order or context. . . . The only reason why we are interested to know that the batle was fought at Hastings in 1066 is that historians regard it as a major historical event. . . . Professor Talcott Parsons once called [science] "a selective system of cognitive orientations to reality." It might perhaps have been put more simply. But history is, among other things, that. The historian is necessarily selective. The belief in a hard core of historical facts existing objectively and independently of the interpretation of the historian is a preposterous fallacy, but one which it is very hard to eradicate.

## SubQuestion No : 1

- Q.1 All of the following, if true, can weaken the passage's claim that facts do not speak for themselves, EXCEPT:
- **Ans** X 1. the order in which a series of facts is presented does not have any bearing on the production of meaning.

X 2. a fact, by its very nature, is objective and universal, irrespective of the context in which it is placed.

✓ 3. facts, like truth, can be relative: what is fact for person X may not be so for person Y.

X 4. the truth value of a fact is independent of the historian who expresses it.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815176 Option 1 ID : 48916837324 Option 2 ID : 48916837326 Option 3 ID : 48916837327 Option 4 ID : 48916837325 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



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## SubQuestion No : 2

Q.2 All of the following describe the "common-sense view" of history, EXCEPT:

Ans X 1. real history can be found in ancient engravings and archival documents.

X 2. history can be objective like the sciences if it is derived from historical facts.

3. history is like science: a selective system of cognitive orientations to reality.

X 4. only the positivist methods can lead to credible historical knowledge.

Question Type :	MCQ
Question ID :	48916815175
Option 1 ID :	48916837320
Option 2 ID :	48916837321
Option 3 ID :	48916837322
Option 4 ID :	48916837323
Status :	Not Answered
Chosen Option :	



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## SubQuestion No: 3

Q.3 If the author of the passage were to write a book on the Battle of Hastings along the lines of his/her own reasoning, the focus of the historical account would be on:

Ans X 1. providing a nuanced interpretation by relying on the auxiliary sciences.

 $\mathbf{X}$  2. producing a detailed timeline of the various events that led to the Battle.

3. exploring the socio-political and economic factors that led to the Battle.

 $\mathbf{X}$  4. deriving historical facts from the relevant documents and inscriptions.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815177 Option 1 ID : 48916837329 Option 2 ID : 48916837328 Option 3 ID : 48916837330 Option 4 ID : 48916837331 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



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#### SubQuestion No: 4

Q.4 According to this passage, which one of the following statements best describes the significance of archaeology for historians?

Ans I. Archaeology helps historians to ascertain factual accuracy.

X 2. Archaeology helps historians to carry out their primary duty.

X 3. Archaeology helps historians to interpret historical facts.

 $\mathbf{X}$  4. Archaeology helps historians to locate the oldest civilisations in history.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815174 Option 1 ID : 48916837317 Option 2 ID : 48916837316 Option 3 ID : 48916837318 Option 4 ID : 48916837319 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



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The Second Hand September campaign, led by Oxfam . . . seeks to encourage shopping at local organisations and charities as alternatives to fast fashion brands such as Primark and Boohoo in the name of saving our planet. As innocent as mindless scrolling through online shops may seem, such consumers are unintentionally—or perhaps even knowingly— contributing to an industry that uses more energy than aviation. . . .

Brits buy more garments than any other country in Europe, so it comes as no shock that many of those clothes end up in UK landfills each year: 300,000 tonnes of them, to be exact. This waste of clothing is destructive to our planet, releasing greenhouse gasses as clothes are burnt as well as bleeding toxins and dyes into the surrounding soil and water. As ecologist Chelsea Rochman bluntly put it, "The mismanagement of our waste has even come back to haunt us on our dinner plate."

It's not surprising, then, that people are scrambling for a solution, the most common of which is second-hand shopping. Retailers selling consigned clothing are currently expanding at a rapid rate . . . If everyone bought just one used item in a year, it would save 449 million lbs of waste, equivalent to the weight of 1 million Polar bears. "Thrifting" has increasingly become a trendy practice. London is home to many second-hand, or more commonly coined 'vintage', shops across the city from Bayswater to Brixton.

So you're cool and you care about the planet; you've killed two birds with one stone. But do people simply purchase a second-hand item, flash it on Instagram with #vintage and call it a day without considering whether what they are doing is actually effective?

According to a study commissioned by Patagonia, for instance, older clothes shed more microfibres. These can end up in our rivers and seas after just one wash due to the worn material, thus contributing to microfibre pollution. To break it down, the amount of microfibres released by laundering 100,000 fleece jackets is equivalent to as many as 11,900 plastic grocery bags, and up to 40 per cent of that ends up in our oceans. . . . So where does this leave second-hand consumers? [They would be well advised to buy] high-quality items that shed less and last longer [as this] combats both microfibre pollution and excess garments ending up in landfills. . .

Luxury brands would rather not circulate their latest season stock around the globe to be sold at a cheaper price, which is why companies like ThredUP, a US fashion resale marketplace, have not yet caught on in the UK. There will always be a market for consignment but there is also a whole generation of people who have been taught that only buying new products is the norm; second-hand luxury goods are not in their psyche. Ben Whitaker, director at Liquidation Firm B-Stock, told Prospect that unless recycling becomes cost-effective and filters into mass production, with the right technology to partner it, "high-end retailers would rather put brand before sustainability."

## SubQuestion No: 5

Q.5 The act of "thrifting", as described in the passage, can be considered ironic because it:

## Ans X 1. is an anti-consumerist attitude.

X 2. is not cost-effective for retailers.

- 3. has created environmental problems.
- X 4. offers luxury clothing at cut-rate prices.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816091 Option 1 ID : 48916840089 Option 2 ID : 48916840092 Option 3 ID : 48916840090 Option 4 ID : 48916840091 Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option : --



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## SubQuestion No: 6

Q.6 Based on the passage, we can infer that the opposite of fast fashion, 'slow fashion', would most likely refer to clothes that:

## Ans X 1. do not bleed toxins and dyes.

- X 2. do not shed microfibres.
- 🗙 3. are sold by genuine vintage stores.
- 4. are of high quality and long lasting.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816090 Option 1 ID : 48916840087 Option 2 ID : 48916840085 Option 3 ID : 48916840088 Option 4 ID : 48916840086 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4



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## SubQuestion No: 7

Q.7 The central idea of the passage would be undermined if:

## Ans X 1. clothes were not thrown and burnt in landfills.

2. second-hand stores sold only high-quality clothes.

- X 3. customers bought all their clothes online.
- X 4. Primark and Boohoo recycled their clothes for vintage stores.

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID : Option 4 ID : Status : **Not Answered** Chosen Option : --



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## SubQuestion No: 8

## Q.8 According to the author, companies like ThredUP have not caught on in the UK for all of the following reasons EXCEPT that:

Ans v 1. the British don't buy second-hand clothing.

X 2. luxury brands want to maintain their brand image.

- X 3. luxury brands do not like their product to be devalued.
- X 4. recycling is currently not financially attractive for luxury brands.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816092 Option 1 ID : 48916840093 Option 2 ID : 48916840094 Option 3 ID : 48916840096 Option 4 ID : 48916840095 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Over the past four centuries liberalism has been so successful that it has driven all its opponents off the battlefield. Now it is disintegrating, destroyed by a mix of hubris and internal contradictions, according to Patrick Deneen, a professor of politics at the University of Notre Dame. . . . Equality of opportunity has produced a new meritocratic aristocracy that has all the aloofness of the old aristocracy with none of its sense of noblesse oblige. Democracy has degenerated into a theatre of the absurd. And technological advances are reducing ever more areas of work into meaningless drudgery. "The gap between liberalism's claims about itself and the lived reality of the citizenry" is now so wide that "the lie can no longer be accepted," Mr Deneen writes. What better proof of this than the vision of 1,000 private planes whisking their occupants to Davos to discuss the question of "creating a shared future in a fragmented world"? . . .

Deneen does an impressive job of capturing the current mood of disillusionment, echoing leftwing complaints about rampant commercialism, right-wing complaints about narcissistic and bullying students, and general worries about atomisation and selfishness. But when he concludes that all this adds up to a failure of liberalism, is his argument convincing? . . . He argues that the essence of liberalism lies in freeing individuals from constraints. In fact, liberalism contains a wide range of intellectual traditions which provide different answers to the question of how to trade off the relative claims of rights and responsibilities, individual expression and social ties. . . . liberals experimented with a range of ideas from devolving power from the centre to creating national education systems.

Mr Deneen's fixation on the essence of liberalism leads to the second big problem of his book: his failure to recognise liberalism's ability to reform itself and address its internal problems. The late 19<sup>th</sup> century saw America suffering from many of the problems that are reappearing today, including the creation of a business aristocracy, the rise of vast companies, the corruption of politics and the sense that society was dividing into winners and losers. But a wide variety of reformers, working within the liberal tradition, tackled these problems head on. Theodore Roosevelt took on the trusts. Progressives cleaned up government corruption. University reformers modernised academic syllabuses and built ladders of opportunity. Rather than dying, liberalism reformed itself.

Mr Deneen is right to point out that the record of liberalism in recent years has been dismal. He is also right to assert that the world has much to learn from the premodern notions of liberty as self-mastery and self-denial. The biggest enemy of liberalism is not so much atomisation but old-fashioned greed, as members of the Davos elite pile their plates ever higher with perks and share options. But he is wrong to argue that the only way for people to liberate themselves from the contradictions of liberalism is "liberation from liberalism itself". The best way to read "Why Liberalism Failed" is not as a funeral oration but as a call to action: up your game, or else.

## SubQuestion No: 9

## Q.9 All of the following statements are evidence of the decline of liberalism today, EXCEPT:

## Ans X 1.

"'The gap between liberalism's claims about itself and the lived reality of the citizenry' is now so wide that 'the lie can no longer be accepted,'..."

#### **V**2.

"And technological advances are reducing ever more areas of work into meaningless drudgery."

## 🗙 З.

"Democracy has degenerated into a theatre of the absurd."

## **X** 4.

"... the creation of a business aristocracy, the rise of vast companies ... "

## Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815940 Option 1 ID : 48916839598 Option 2 ID : 48916839599 Option 3 ID : 48916839597 Option 4 ID : 48916839600 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



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Mr Deneen's fixation on the essence of liberalism leads to the second big problem of his book: his failure to recognise liberalism's ability to reform itself and address its internal problems. The late 19<sup>th</sup> century saw America suffering from many of the problems that are reappearing today, including the creation of a business aristocracy, the rise of vast companies, the corruption of politics and the sense that society was dividing into winners and losers. But a wide variety of reformers, working within the liberal tradition, tackled these problems head on. Theodore Roosevelt took on the trusts. Progressives cleaned up government corruption. University reformers modernised academic syllabuses and built ladders of opportunity. Rather than dying, liberalism reformed itself.

Mr Deneen is right to point out that the record of liberalism in recent years has been dismal. He is also right to assert that the world has much to learn from the premodern notions of liberty as self-mastery and self-denial. The biggest enemy of liberalism is not so much atomisation but old-fashioned greed, as members of the Davos elite pile their plates ever higher with perks and share options. But he is wrong to argue that the only way for people to liberate themselves from the contradictions of liberalism is "liberation from liberalism itself". The best way to read "Why Liberalism Failed" is not as a funeral oration but as a call to action: up your game, or else.

## SubQuestion No: 10

Q.10 The author of the passage faults Deneen's conclusions for all of the following reasons, EXCEPT:

## Ans X 1.

its very narrow definition of liberalism limited to individual freedoms.

## X 2.

its extreme pessimism about the future of liberalism today and predictions of an ultimate decline.

## al 🗸 🗸

its repeated harking back to premodern notions of liberty.

## X 4.

its failure to note historical instances in which the process of declining liberalism has managed to reverse itself.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815941 Option 1 ID : 48916839603 Option 2 ID : 48916839604 Option 3 ID : 48916839602 Option 4 ID : 48916839601 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Over the past four centuries liberalism has been so successful that it has driven all its opponents off the battlefield. Now it is disintegrating, destroyed by a mix of hubris and internal contradictions, according to Patrick Deneen, a professor of politics at the University of Notre Dame. . . . Equality of opportunity has produced a new meritocratic aristocracy that has all the aloofness of the old aristocracy with none of its sense of noblesse oblige. Democracy has degenerated into a theatre of the absurd. And technological advances are reducing ever more areas of work into meaningless drudgery. "The gap between liberalism's claims about itself and the lived reality of the citizenry" is now so wide that "the lie can no longer be accepted," Mr Deneen writes. What better proof of this than the vision of 1,000 private planes whisking their occupants to Davos to discuss the question of "creating a shared future in a fragmented world"? . . .

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## SubQuestion No: 11

## Q.11 The author of the passage refers to "the Davos elite" to illustrate his views on:

## Ans X 1.

the fact that the rise in liberalism had led to a greater interest in shared futures from unlikely social classes.

## **V** 2.

the hypocrisy of the liberal rich, who profess to subscribe to liberal values while cornering most of the wealth.

## 🗙 З.

the way the debate around liberalism has been captured by the rich who have managed to insulate themselves from economic hardships.

X 4. the unlikelihood of a return to the liberalism of the past as long as the rich continue to benefit from the decline in liberal values.

## Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815942 Option 1 ID : 48916839606 Option 2 ID : 48916839605 Option 3 ID : 48916839607 Option 4 ID : 48916839608 Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Over the past four centuries liberalism has been so successful that it has driven all its opponents off the battlefield. Now it is disintegrating, destroyed by a mix of hubris and internal contradictions, according to Patrick Deneen, a professor of politics at the University of Notre Dame. . . . Equality of opportunity has produced a new meritocratic aristocracy that has all the aloofness of the old aristocracy with none of its sense of noblesse oblige. Democracy has degenerated into a theatre of the absurd. And technological advances are reducing ever more areas of work into meaningless drudgery. "The gap between liberalism's claims about itself and the lived reality of the citizenry" is now so wide that "the lie can no longer be accepted," Mr Deneen writes. What better proof of this than the vision of 1,000 private planes whisking their occupants to Davos to discuss the question of "creating a shared future in a fragmented world"? . . .

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## SubQuestion No: 12

## Q.12 The author of the passage is likely to disagree with all of the following statements, EXCEPT:

## Ans X 1.

the essence of liberalism lies in greater individual self-expression and freedoms.

## **V** 2.

liberalism was the dominant ideal in the past century, but it had to reform itself to remain so.

## Х З.

if we accept that liberalism is a dying ideal, we must work to find a viable substitute.

## X 4.

claims about liberalism's disintegration are exaggerated and misunderstand its core features.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815943 Option 1 ID : 48916839612 Option 2 ID : 48916839610 Option 3 ID : 48916839601 Option 4 ID : 48916839609 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Umberto Eco, an Italian writer, was right when he said the language of Europe is translation. Netflix and other deep-pocketed global firms speak it well. Just as the EU employs a small army of translators and interpreters to turn intricate laws or impassioned speeches of Romanian MEPs into the EU's 24 official languages, so do the likes of Netflix. It now offers dubbing in 34 languages and subtitling in a few more. . . .

The economics of European productions are more appealing, too. American audiences are more willing than before to give dubbed or subtitled viewing a chance. This means shows such as "Lupin", a French crime caper on Netflix, can become global hits. . . . In 2015, about 75% of Netflix's original content was American; now the figure is half, according to Ampere, a media-analysis company. Netflix has about 100 productions under way in Europe, which is more than big public broadcasters in France or Germany. . . .

Not everything works across borders. Comedy sometimes struggles. Whodunits and bloodthirsty maelstroms between arch Romans and uppity tribesmen have a more universal appeal. Some do it better than others. Barbarians aside, German television is not always built for export, says one executive, being polite. A bigger problem is that national broadcasters still dominate. Streaming services, such as Netflix or Disney+, account for about a third of all viewing hours, even in markets where they are well-established. Europe is an ageing continent. The generation of teens staring at phones is outnumbered by their elders who prefer to gawp at the box.

In Brussels and national capitals, the prospect of Netflix as a cultural hegemon is seen as a threat. "Cultural sovereignty" is the watchword of European executives worried that the Americans will eat their lunch. To be fair, Netflix content sometimes seems stuck in an uncanny valley somewhere in the mid-Atlantic, with local quirks stripped out. Netflix originals tend to have fewer specific cultural references than shows produced by domestic rivals, according to Enders, a market analyst. The company used to have an imperial model of commissioning, with executives in Los Angeles cooking up ideas French people might like. Now Netflix has offices across Europe. But ultimately the big decisions rest with American executives. This makes European politicians nervous.

They should not be. An irony of European integration is that it is often American companies that facilitate it. Google Translate makes European newspapers comprehensible, even if a little clunky, for the continent's non-polyglots. American social-media companies make it easier for Europeans to talk politics across borders. (That they do not always like to hear what they say about each other is another matter.) Now Netflix and friends pump the same content into homes across a continent, making culture a cross-border endeavour, too. If Europeans are to share a currency, bail each other out in times of financial need and share vaccines in a pandemic, then they need to have something in common—even if it is just bingeing on the same series. Watching fictitious northern and southern Europeans tear each other apart 2,000 years ago beats doing so in reality.

## SubQuestion No: 13

Q.13 Which one of the following research findings would weaken the author's conclusion in the final paragraph?

## Ans 🗡 1.

Research shows that Netflix has been gradually losing market share to other streaming television service providers.

## X 2.

Research shows that older women across the EU enjoy watching romantic comedies on Netflix, whereas younger women prefer historical fiction dramas.

## **V** 3.

Research shows there is a wide variance in the popularity and viewing of Netflix shows across different EU countries.

## X 4.

Research shows that Netflix hits produced in France are very popular with North American audiences.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816151 Option 1 ID : 48916840288 Option 2 ID : 48916840286 Option 3 ID : 48916840285 Option 4 ID : 48916840287 Status : Answered

FundaMakers

## Comprehension:

The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Umberto Eco, an Italian writer, was right when he said the language of Europe is translation. Netflix and other deep-pocketed global firms speak it well. Just as the EU employs a small army of translators and interpreters to turn intricate laws or impassioned speeches of Romanian MEPs into the EU's 24 official languages, so do the likes of Netflix. It now offers dubbing in 34 languages and subtitling in a few more. . . .

The economics of European productions are more appealing, too. American audiences are more willing than before to give dubbed or subtitled viewing a chance. This means shows such as "Lupin", a French crime caper on Netflix, can become global hits. . . . In 2015, about 75% of Netflix's original content was American; now the figure is half, according to Ampere, a media-analysis company. Netflix has about 100 productions under way in Europe, which is more than big public broadcasters in France or Germany. . . .

Not everything works across borders. Comedy sometimes struggles. Whodunits and bloodthirsty maelstroms between arch Romans and uppity tribesmen have a more universal appeal. Some do it better than others. Barbarians aside, German television is not always built for export, says one executive, being polite. A bigger problem is that national broadcasters still dominate. Streaming services, such as Netflix or Disney+, account for about a third of all viewing hours, even in markets where they are well-established. Europe is an ageing continent. The generation of teens staring at phones is outnumbered by their elders who prefer to gawp at the box.

In Brussels and national capitals, the prospect of Netflix as a cultural hegemon is seen as a threat. "Cultural sovereignty" is the watchword of European executives worried that the Americans will eat their lunch. To be fair, Netflix content sometimes seems stuck in an uncanny valley somewhere in the mid-Atlantic, with local quirks stripped out. Netflix originals tend to have fewer specific cultural references than shows produced by domestic rivals, according to Enders, a market analyst. The company used to have an imperial model of commissioning, with executives in Los Angeles cooking up ideas French people might like. Now Netflix has offices across Europe. But ultimately the big decisions rest with American executives. This makes European politicians nervous.

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## SubQuestion No: 14

## Q.14 The author sees the rise of Netflix in Europe as:

## Ans 🛛 🖌 1. a unifying force.

- 🗙 2. an economic threat.
- X 3. filling an entertainment gap.
- 🗙 4. a looming cultural threat.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816149 Option 1 ID : 48916840279 Option 2 ID : 48916840278 Option 3 ID : 48916840280 Option 4 ID : 48916840277 Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option : --



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Umberto Eco, an Italian writer, was right when he said the language of Europe is translation. Netflix and other deep-pocketed global firms speak it well. Just as the EU employs a small army of translators and interpreters to turn intricate laws or impassioned speeches of Romanian MEPs into the EU's 24 official languages, so do the likes of Netflix. It now offers dubbing in 34 languages and subtitling in a few more. . . .

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## SubQuestion No: 15

#### Q.15 Based only on information provided in the passage, which one of the following hypothetical Netflix shows would be most successful with audiences across the EU?

- **Ans 4** 1. A murder mystery drama set in North Africa and France.
  - X 2. An Italian comedy show hosted by an international star.
  - 🗙 3. An original German TV science fiction production.
  - 🗙 4. A trans-Atlantic romantic drama set in Europe and America.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816150 Option 1 ID : 48916840282 Option 2 ID : 48916840281 Option 3 ID : 48916840283 Option 4 ID : 48916840283 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



The passage below is accompanied by four questions. Based on the passage, choose the best answer for each question.

Umberto Eco, an Italian writer, was right when he said the language of Europe is translation. Netflix and other deep-pocketed global firms speak it well. Just as the EU employs a small army of translators and interpreters to turn intricate laws or impassioned speeches of Romanian MEPs into the EU's 24 official languages, so do the likes of Netflix. It now offers dubbing in 34 languages and subtitling in a few more. . . .

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## SubQuestion No: 16

## Q.16 Based on information provided in the passage, all of the following are true, EXCEPT:

- Ans vertice Ans whether the second se
  - X 2. national broadcasters dominate in the EU in terms of total television viewing hours.
  - X 3. European television productions have the potential to become global hits.
  - leph 4. only half of Netflix's original programming in the EU is now produced in America.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816152 Option 1 ID : 48916840289 Option 2 ID : 48916840290 Option 3 ID : 48916840291 Option 4 ID : 48916840292 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

		FundaMake		
Q.17	There is a sentence that is missing in the paragraph below. Look at the decide where (option 1, 2, 3, or 4) the following sentence would best fit			
	Sentence: Dualism was long held as the defining feature of developing contrast to developed countries, where frontier technologies and high were assumed to prevail.			
Paragraph:(1) At the core of development economics lies the idea of 'productive dualism': that poor countries' economies are split between a narrow 'modern' sector that uses advanced technologies and a larger 'traditional' sector characterized by very low productivity(2) While this distinction between developing and advanced economies may have made some sense in the 1950s and 1960s, it no longer appears to be very relevant. A combination of forces have produced a widening gap between the winners and those left behind(3) Convergence between poor and rich parts of the economy was arrested and regional disparities widened(4) As a result, policymakers in advanced economies are now grappling with the same questions that have long preoccupied developing economies: mainly how to close the gap with the more advanced parts of the economy.         Ans				
		Question Type : <b>MCQ</b>		
		Question ID : 48916815065		
Option 1 ID : 48916836944				
	Option 2 ID : 489168369			
		Ontion 3 ID . 18916836916		
		Option 3 ID : <b>48916836946</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916836947</b>		
		Option 3 ID : <b>48916836946</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916836947</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>		

		F <u>undaMak</u> e	
ຊ.18	There is a sentence that is missing in the paragraph below. Lo decide where (option 1, 2, 3, or 4) the following sentence would		
	Sentence: And probably much earlier, moving the documentation for kissing back 1,000 years compared to what was acknowledged in the scientific community.		
Paragraph: Research has hypothesised that the earliest evidence of human lip kissing originated in a very specific geographical location in South Asia 3,500 years ago(1) From there it may have spread to other regions, simultaneously accelerating the spread of the herpes simplex virus 1. According to Dr Troels Pank Arbøll and Dr Sophie Lund Rasmussen, who in a new article in the journal Science draw on a range of written sources from the earliest Mesopotamian societies, kissing was already a well-established practice 4,500 years ago in the Middle East(2) In ancient Mesopotamia, people wrote in cuneiform script on clay tablets(3) Many thousands of these clay tablets have survived to this day, and they contain clear examples that kissing was considered a part of romantic intimacy in ancient times(4) "Kissing could also have been part of friendships and family members' relations," says Dr Troels Pank Arbøll, an expert on the history of medicine in Mesopotamia.			
Ans	1. Option 2		
	X 2. Option 4		
	X 3. Option 1		
	X 4. Option 3		
		Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>48916816029</b> Option 1 ID : <b>48916839894</b> Option 2 ID : <b>48916839896</b> Option 3 ID : <b>48916839893</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916839895</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>1</b>	
Q.1	<ul> <li>9 Five jumbled up sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5), relabelow. Four of them can be put together to form a coherer odd sentence and key in the number of that sentence as yo 1. The banning of Northern Lights could be considered a books for "moral", world view or religious reasons.</li> <li>2. Attempts to ban books are attempts to silence author immense courage in telling their stories.</li> <li>3. Now the banning and challenging of books in the U unprecedented level.</li> <li>4. The widely acclaimed fantasy novel Northern Lights was the US, and was the second most challenged book in the US 5. The American Library Association documented an reported book challenges in 2022, about 2,500 unique titles. Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 2</li> </ul>	nt paragraph. Identify the ur answer. In precursor to censoring rs who have summoned JS has escalated to an banned in some parts of S. unparalleled number of	
Giv Answ	ven 24135	Question Type : SA	

		FundaMakers
Q.20	<ul> <li>Five jumbled up sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5), related to below. Four of them can be put together to form a coherent part odd sentence and key in the number of that sentence as your</li> <li>1. Self-care particularly links to loneliness, behavioural proble academic outcomes.</li> <li>2. "Latchkey children" refers to children who routinely return empty homes and take care of themselves for extended period.</li> <li>3. Although self-care generally points to negative outcomes, i consider that the bulk of research has yet to track long-term of 4. In research and practice, the phrase "children in self-care" latchkey in an effort to more accurately reflect the nature of the 5. Although parents might believe that self-care would be bein development, recent research has found quite the opposite.</li> <li>Case Sensitivity: No</li> <li>Answer Type: Equal</li> <li>Possible Answer: 3</li> </ul>	aragraph. Identify the answer. ems, and negative home from school to ds of time. t is important to consequences. has come to replace ieir circumstances.
Give	n <b>24513</b>	
Answer	:	
		Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>48916816240</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>
Q.21	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4) given below, when would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequence the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as	encing of the order of
	<ol> <li>Like the ants that make up a colony, no single neuron holds like self-awareness, hope or pride.</li> <li>Although the human brain is not yet understood enough to mechanism by which emergence functions, most neurobiolog complex interconnections among the parts give rise to qualiti the whole.</li> <li>Nonetheless, the sum of all neurons in the nervous system human emotions like fear and joy, none of which can be attrib neuron.</li> <li>Human consciousness is often called an emergent property Case Sensitivity: No</li> <li>Answer Type: Equal</li> </ol>	identify the ists agree that es that belong only to generate complex uted to a single
Give	Possible Answer: 4132 n <b>4213</b>	
Answer	:	
		Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>48916815095</b> Status : <b>Answered</b>

			FundaMakers		
Q.22	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4) given below, when properly sequenced, would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer.				
	<ol> <li>Contemporary African writing like 'The Bottled Leopard' voices two children and two backgrounds to juxtapose two varying cultu 2. Chukwuemeka lke explores the conflict, and casts the Western condescending, enveloping and unaccommodating towards loca 3. However, their views contradict the reality, for a rich and susta cultural ethos exists for all who care, to see and experience.</li> <li>Western Christian concepts tend to deny or feign ignorance ab</li> </ol>	ures. h tradition as I African practice. ining local African			
	of a genuine and enduring indigenous African tradition.				
	Case Sensitivity: No				
	Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 4321				
Cive	Possible Answer: 4321				
Answer					
		Question Type :			
			48916816173		
		Status	Answered		
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ti ii c n F v v u c v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	hat best captures the essence of the passage. Heatwaves are becoming longer, frequent and intense due to climpacts of extreme heat are unevenly experienced; with older children, those with pre-existing medical conditions and on low interpreter vulnerable. Adaptation to heatwaves is a significant public desearch conducted among at-risk people in the UK reveals the people do not perceive themselves as at risk of extreme heat events do not perform as intended. Inderstanding how extreme heat is narrated is very important. The central role in this process and can help warn people about the pixel as about impacts on infrastructure and society.  X 1. People are vulnerable to heatwaves caused due to climate change, neffective.  X 2. News stories help in warning about heatwaves, but they have to become 3. Heatwaves pose an enormous risk; the media plays a pivotal role in a danger.  X 4. Protection from heat waves is important but current reports and p	imate change. The people and young comes significantly lic policy concern. at even vulnerable at; therefore, early This suggests that news media play a botential danger, as measures taken are more effective. lerting people to this bublic policies seem Question Type : Question ID Option 1 ID Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID Option 4 ID :	48916816024 48916839882 48916839881 48916839880 48916839879		
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Q.24 The passage given below is followed by four alternate summaries. Choose the option that best captures the essence of the passage.

People spontaneously create counterfactual alternatives to reality when they think "if only" or "what if" and imagine how the past could have been different. The mind computes counterfactuals for many reasons. Counterfactuals explain the past and prepare for the future, they implicate various relations including causal ones, and they affect intentions and decisions. They modulate emotions such as regret and relief, and they support moral judgments such as blame. The ability to create counterfactuals develops throughout childhood and contributes to reasoning about other people's beliefs, including their false beliefs.

Ans X 1. Counterfactuals help people to prepare for the future by understanding intentions and making decisions.

X 2. People create counterfactual alternatives to reality for various reasons, including reasoning about other people's beliefs.

3. Counterfactual alternatives to reality are created for a variety of reasons and is part of one's developmental process.

X 4. Counterfactual thinking helps to reverse past and future actions and reason out false beliefs.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816211 Option 1 ID : 48916840499 Option 2 ID : 48916840497 Option 3 ID : 48916840498 Option 4 ID : 48916840500 Status : Marked For Review Chosen Option : 2

Section : DILR

# FundaMakers

## Comprehension:

Three participants – Akhil, Bimal and Chatur participate in a random draw competition for five days. Every day, each participant randomly picks up a ball numbered between 1 and 9. The number on the ball determines his score on that day. The total score of a participant is the sum of his scores attained in the five days. The total score of a day is the sum of participants' scores on that day. The 2-day average on a day, except on Day 1, is the average of the total scores of that day and of the previous day. For example, if the total scores of Day 1 and Day 2 are 25 and 20, then the 2-day average on Day 2 is calculated as 22.5. Table 1 gives the 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5.

Table 1: 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5						
Day 2	Day 2 Day 3 Day4 Day 5					
15	15.5	16	17			

Participants are ranked each day, with the person having the maximum score being awarded the minimum rank (1) on that day. If there is a tie, all participants with the tied score are awarded the best available rank. For example, if on a day Akhil, Bimal, and Chatur score 8, 7 and 7 respectively, then their ranks will be 1, 2 and 2 respectively on that day. These ranks are given in Table 2.

Table 2: Ranks of participants on each day					
Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5					
Akhil	1	2	2	3	3
Bimal	2	3	2	1	1
Chatur	3	1	1	2	2

The following information is also known.

1. Chatur always scores in multiples of 3. His score on Day 2 is the unique highest score in the competition. His minimum score is observed only on Day 1, and it matches Akhil's score on Day 4.

2. The total score on Day 3 is the same as the total score on Day 4.

3. Bimal's scores are the same on Day 1 and Day 3.

## SubQuestion No : 1

## Q.1 What is Akhil's score on Day 1?

## Ans X 1.6

- X 2.5
- 🗙 3. 8
- **4**.7

Question Type : MCQ
Question ID : 48916816246
Option 1 ID : 48916840611
Option 2 ID : 48916840610
Option 3 ID : 48916840613
Option 4 ID : 48916840612
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

# FundaMakers

## Comprehension:

Three participants – Akhil, Bimal and Chatur participate in a random draw competition for five days. Every day, each participant randomly picks up a ball numbered between 1 and 9. The number on the ball determines his score on that day. The total score of a participant is the sum of his scores attained in the five days. The total score of a day is the sum of participants' scores on that day. The 2-day average on a day, except on Day 1, is the average of the total scores of that day and of the previous day. For example, if the total scores of Day 1 and Day 2 are 25 and 20, then the 2-day average on Day 2 is calculated as 22.5. Table 1 gives the 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5.

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The following information is also known.

1. Chatur always scores in multiples of 3. His score on Day 2 is the unique highest score in the competition. His minimum score is observed only on Day 1, and it matches Akhil's score on Day 4.

2. The total score on Day 3 is the same as the total score on Day 4.

3. Bimal's scores are the same on Day 1 and Day 3.

SubQuestion No : 2

## Q.2 Who attains the maximum total score?

Ans < 1. Chatur

🗙 2. Akhil

X 3. Cannot be determined

🗙 4. Bimal

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID : Option 4 ID : Status : **Answered** Chosen Option :



Three participants – Akhil, Bimal and Chatur participate in a random draw competition for five days. Every day, each participant randomly picks up a ball numbered between 1 and 9. The number on the ball determines his score on that day. The total score of a participant is the sum of his scores attained in the five days. The total score of a day is the sum of participants' scores on that day. The 2-day average on a day, except on Day 1, is the average of the total scores of that day and of the previous day. For example, if the total scores of Day 1 and Day 2 are 25 and 20, then the 2-day average on Day 2 is calculated as 22.5. Table 1 gives the 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5.

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The following information is also known.

1. Chatur always scores in multiples of 3. His score on Day 2 is the unique highest score in the competition. His minimum score is observed only on Day 1, and it matches Akhil's score on Day 4.

2. The total score on Day 3 is the same as the total score on Day 4.

3. Bimal's scores are the same on Day 1 and Day 3.

#### SubQuestion No: 3

#### Q.3 What is the minimum possible total score of Bimal?

Case Sensitivity: No

Answer Type: Equal

Possible Answer: 25

## Given 20

Answ

er :

Question Type : **SA** Question ID : **48916816389** Status : **Answered** 

# FundaMakers

## Comprehension:

Three participants – Akhil, Bimal and Chatur participate in a random draw competition for five days. Every day, each participant randomly picks up a ball numbered between 1 and 9. The number on the ball determines his score on that day. The total score of a participant is the sum of his scores attained in the five days. The total score of a day is the sum of participants' scores on that day. The 2-day average on a day, except on Day 1, is the average of the total scores of that day and of the previous day. For example, if the total scores of Day 1 and Day 2 are 25 and 20, then the 2-day average on Day 2 is calculated as 22.5. Table 1 gives the 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5.

Table 1: 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5				
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15	15.5	16	17	

Participants are ranked each day, with the person having the maximum score being awarded the minimum rank (1) on that day. If there is a tie, all participants with the tied score are awarded the best available rank. For example, if on a day Akhil, Bimal, and Chatur score 8, 7 and 7 respectively, then their ranks will be 1, 2 and 2 respectively on that day. These ranks are given in Table 2.

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Chatur	3	1	1	2	2		

The following information is also known.

1. Chatur always scores in multiples of 3. His score on Day 2 is the unique highest score in the competition. His minimum score is observed only on Day 1, and it matches Akhil's score on Day

2. The total score on Day 3 is the same as the total score on Day 4.

3. Bimal's scores are the same on Day 1 and Day 3.

## SubQuestion No: 4

Q.4 If the total score of Bimal is a multiple of 3, what is the score of Akhil on Day 2?

## Ans 🗙 1. Cannot be determined

- **V** 2. 4
- 🗙 3. 6
- **X** 4. 5

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID : Option 4 ID : Status : **Answered** Chosen Option :



Three participants – Akhil, Bimal and Chatur participate in a random draw competition for five days. Every day, each participant randomly picks up a ball numbered between 1 and 9. The number on the ball determines his score on that day. The total score of a participant is the sum of his scores attained in the five days. The total score of a day is the sum of participants' scores on that day. The 2-day average on a day, except on Day 1, is the average of the total scores of that day and of the previous day. For example, if the total scores of Day 1 and Day 2 are 25 and 20, then the 2-day average on Day 2 is calculated as 22.5. Table 1 gives the 2-day averages for Days 2 through 5.

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Participants are ranked each day, with the person having the maximum score being awarded the minimum rank (1) on that day. If there is a tie, all participants with the tied score are awarded the best available rank. For example, if on a day Akhil, Bimal, and Chatur score 8, 7 and 7 respectively, then their ranks will be 1, 2 and 2 respectively on that day. These ranks are given in Table 2.

Table 2: Ranks of participants on each day						
	Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5					
Akhil	1	2	2	3	3	
Bimal 2 3 2 1 1					1	
Chatur	3	1	1	2	2	

The following information is also known.

1. Chatur always scores in multiples of 3. His score on Day 2 is the unique highest score in the competition. His minimum score is observed only on Day 1, and it matches Akhil's score on Day 4.

2. The total score on Day 3 is the same as the total score on Day 4.

3. Bimal's scores are the same on Day 1 and Day 3.

#### SubQuestion No: 5

Q.5 If Akhil attains a total score of 24, then what is the total score of Bimal?

Case Sensitivity: No

Answer Type: Equal

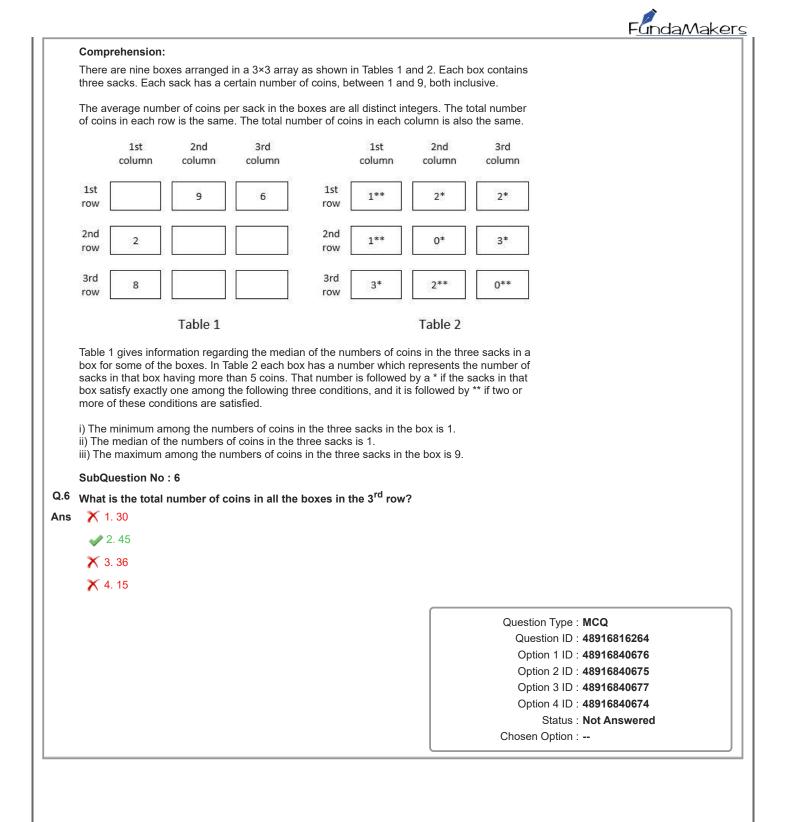
Possible Answer: 26

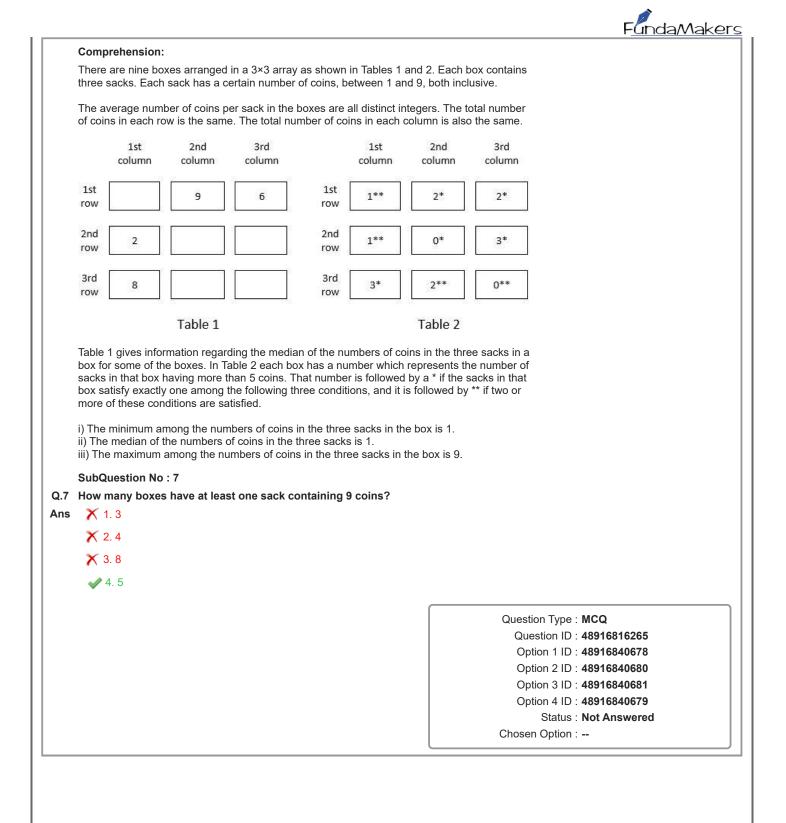
## Given 24

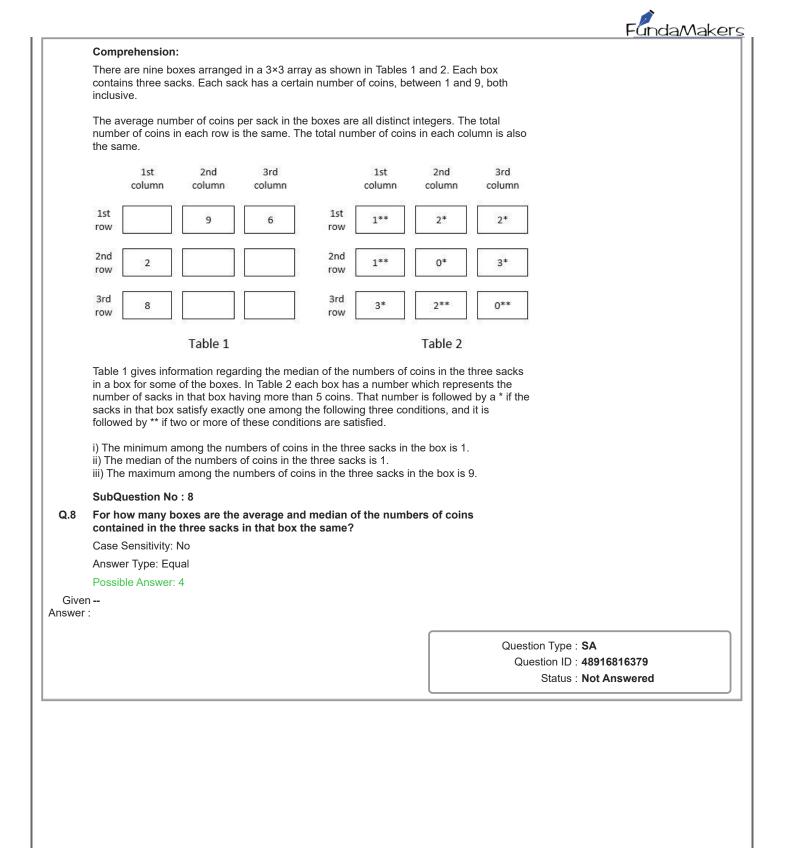
Answ

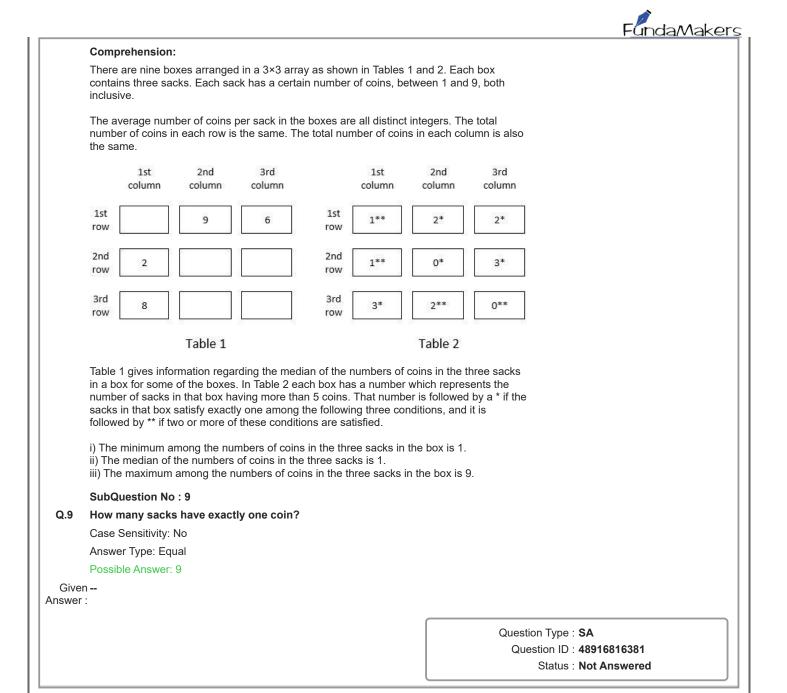
er :

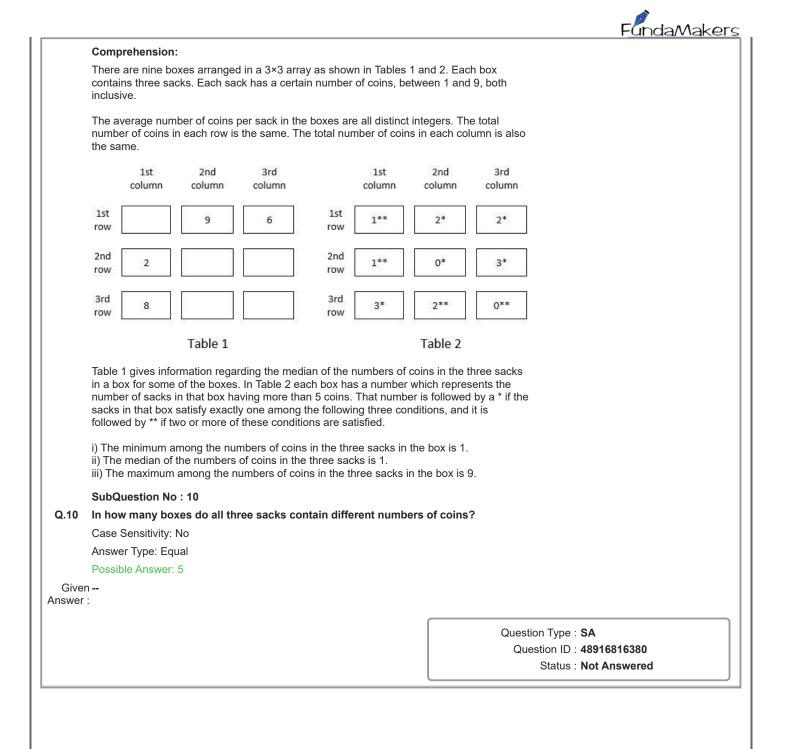
Question Type : **SA** Question ID : **48916816390** Status : **Answered** 











Odsville has five firms – Alfloo, Bzygoo, Czechy, Drjbna and Elavalaki. Each of these firms was founded in some year and also closed down a few years later.

Each firm raised Rs. 1 crore in its first and last year of existence. The amount each firm raised every year increased until it reached a maximum, and then decreased until the firm closed down. No firm raised the same amount of money in two consecutive years. Each annual increase and decrease was either by Rs. 1 crore or by Rs. 2 crores.

The table below provides partial information about the five firms.

Firm	First year of existence	Last year of existence	Total amount raised (Rs. crores)
Alfloo	2009	2016	21
Bzygoo	2012	2015	
Czechy	2013		9
Drjbna	2011	2015	10
Elavalaki	2010		13

SubQuestion No : 11

Q.1 For which firm(s) can the amounts raised by them be concluded with certainty in 1 each year?

## Ans 🗙 1. Only Drjbna

X 2. Only Bzygoo and Czechy and Drjbna

X 3. Only Czechy

4. Only Czechy and Drjbna

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816101 Option 1 ID : 48916840122 Option 2 ID : 48916840124 Option 3 ID : 48916840121 Option 4 ID : 48916840123 Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option : --

FundaMakers



Odsville has five firms – Alfloo, Bzygoo, Czechy, Drjbna and Elavalaki. Each of these firms was founded in some year and also closed down a few years later.

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The table below provides partial information about the five firms.

Firm	First year of existence	Last year of existence	Total amount raised (Rs. crores)
Alfloo	2009	2016	21
Bzygoo	2012	2015	
Czechy	2013		9
Drjbna	2011	2015	10
Elavalaki	2010		13

SubQuestion No : 12

## Q.1 What best can be concluded about the total amount of money raised in 2015?

2

Ans X 1. It is either Rs. 7 crores or Rs. 8 crores or Rs. 9 crores.

2. It is either Rs. 7 crores or Rs. 8 crores.

X 3. It is either Rs. 8 crores or Rs. 9 crores.

X 4. It is exactly Rs. 8 crores.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816102 Option 1 ID : 48916840128 Option 2 ID : 48916840126 Option 3 ID : 48916840127 Option 4 ID : 48916840125 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --



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Alfloo	2009	2016	21
Bzygoo	2012	2015	
Czechy	2013		9
Drjbna	2011	2015	10
Elavalaki	2010		13

## SubQuestion No: 13

## Q.13 What is the largest possible total amount of money (in Rs. crores) that could have been raised in 2013?

Case Sensitivity: No

Answer Type: Equal

Possible Answer: 17

## Given --Answ er :

Question Type : **SA** Question ID : **48916816391** Status : **Not Answered** 

Odsville has five firms – Alfloo, Bzygoo, Czechy, Drjbna and Elavalaki. Each of these firms was founded in some year and also closed down a few years later.

Each firm raised Rs. 1 crore in its first and last year of existence. The amount each firm raised every year increased until it reached a maximum, and then decreased until the firm closed down. No firm raised the same amount of money in two consecutive years. Each annual increase and decrease was either by Rs. 1 crore or by Rs. 2 crores.

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Firm	First year of existence	Last year of existence	Total amount raised (Rs. crores)
Alfloo	2009	2016	21
Bzygoo	2012	2015	
Czechy	2013		9
Drjbna	2011	2015	10
Elavalaki	2010		13

SubQuestion No : 14

- Q.1 If Elavalaki raised Rs. 3 crores in 2013, then what is the smallest possible total
  amount of money (in Rs. crores) that could have been raised by all the companies in 2012?
- Ans X 1. 10
  - **V** 2. 11
  - **X** 3. 12
  - **X** 4.9

## Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816105 Option 1 ID : 48916840138 Option 2 ID : 48916840139 Option 3 ID : 48916840140 Option 4 ID : 48916840137 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

FundaMakers

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Firm	First year of existence	Last year of existence	Total amount raised (Rs. crores)
Alfloo	2009	2016	21
Bzygoo	2012	2015	
Czechy	2013		9
Drjbna	2011	2015	10
Elavalaki	2010		13

SubQuestion No: 15

Q.1 If the total amount of money raised in 2014 is Rs. 12 crores, then which of the 5 following is not possible?

Ans X 1. Bzygoo raised more money than Elavalaki in 2014.

2. Bzygoo raised the same amount of money as Elavalaki in 2013.

X 3. Alfloo raised the same amount of money as Bzygoo in 2014.

X 4. Alfloo raised the same amount of money as Drjbna in 2013.

Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816106 Option 1 ID : 48916840143 Option 2 ID : 48916840142 Option 3 ID : 48916840144 Option 4 ID : 48916840141 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

FundaMakers



Anjali, Bipasha, and Chitra visited an entertainment park that has four rides. Each ride lasts one hour and can accommodate one visitor at one point. All rides begin at 9 am and must be completed by 5 pm except for Ride-3, for which the last ride has to be completed by 1 pm. Ride gates open every 30 minutes, e.g. 10 am, 10:30 am, and so on. Whenever a ride gate opens, and there is no visitor inside, the first visitor waiting in the queue buys the ticket just before taking the ride. The ticket prices are Rs. 20, Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 for Rides 1 to 4, respectively. Each of the three visitors took at least one ride and did not necessarily take all rides. None of them took the same ride more than once. The movement time from one ride to another is negligible, and a visitor leaves the ride immediately after the completion of the ride. No one takes a break inside the park unless mentioned explicitly.

The following information is also known.

1. Chitra never waited in the queue and completed her visit by 11 am after spending Rs. 50 to pay for the ticket(s).

2. Anjali took Ride-1 at 11 am after waiting for 30 mins for Chitra to complete it. It was the only ride where Anjali waited.

3. Bipasha began her first of three rides at 11:30 am. All three visitors incurred the same amount of ticket expense by 12:15 pm.

4. The last ride taken by Anjali and Bipasha was the same, where Bipasha waited 30 mins for Anjali to complete her ride. Before standing in the queue for that ride, Bipasha took a 1-hour coffee break after completing her previous ride.

# SubQuestion No : 16

#### Q.16 What was the total amount spent on tickets (in Rs.) by Bipasha?

- **Ans** < 1. 110
  - X 2. 90
  - X 3. 120
  - **X** 4. 100

# Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816253 Option 1 ID : 48916840636 Option 2 ID : 48916840634 Option 3 ID : 48916840637 Option 4 ID : 48916840635 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1

# FundaMakers

#### Comprehension:

Anjali, Bipasha, and Chitra visited an entertainment park that has four rides. Each ride lasts one hour and can accommodate one visitor at one point. All rides begin at 9 am and must be completed by 5 pm except for Ride-3, for which the last ride has to be completed by 1 pm. Ride gates open every 30 minutes, e.g. 10 am, 10:30 am, and so on. Whenever a ride gate opens, and there is no visitor inside, the first visitor waiting in the queue buys the ticket just before taking the ride. The ticket prices are Rs. 20, Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 for Rides 1 to 4, respectively. Each of the three visitors took at least one ride and did not necessarily take all rides. None of them took the same ride more than once. The movement time from one ride to another is negligible, and a visitor leaves the ride immediately after the completion of the ride. No one takes a break inside the park unless mentioned explicitly.

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3. Bipasha began her first of three rides at 11:30 am. All three visitors incurred the same amount of ticket expense by 12:15 pm.

4. The last ride taken by Anjali and Bipasha was the same, where Bipasha waited 30 mins for Anjali to complete her ride. Before standing in the queue for that ride, Bipasha took a 1-hour coffee break after completing her previous ride.

# SubQuestion No : 17

#### Q.17 Which were all the rides that Anjali completed by 2:00 pm?

## Ans X 1. Ride-1 and Ride-3

2. Ride-1, Ride-2, and Ride-3

- X 3. Ride-1 and Ride-4
- 🗙 4. Ride-1, Ride-2, and Ride-4

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID : Option 4 ID : Status : **Answered** Chosen Option :



Anjali, Bipasha, and Chitra visited an entertainment park that has four rides. Each ride lasts one hour and can accommodate one visitor at one point. All rides begin at 9 am and must be completed by 5 pm except for Ride-3, for which the last ride has to be completed by 1 pm. Ride gates open every 30 minutes, e.g. 10 am, 10:30 am, and so on. Whenever a ride gate opens, and there is no visitor inside, the first visitor waiting in the queue buys the ticket just before taking the ride. The ticket prices are Rs. 20, Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 for Rides 1 to 4, respectively. Each of the three visitors took at least one ride and did not necessarily take all rides. None of them took the same ride more than once. The movement time from one ride to another is negligible, and a visitor leaves the ride immediately after the completion of the ride. No one takes a break inside the park unless mentioned explicitly.

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4. The last ride taken by Anjali and Bipasha was the same, where Bipasha waited 30 mins for Anjali to complete her ride. Before standing in the queue for that ride, Bipasha took a 1-hour coffee break after completing her previous ride.

## SubQuestion No: 18

#### Q.18 Which ride was taken by all three visitors?

- Ans 🛛 💉 1. Ride-1
  - X 2. Ride-3
  - X 3. Ride-2
  - X 4. Ride-4

Question Type : **MCQ** Question ID : Option 1 ID : Option 2 ID : Option 3 ID : Option 4 ID : Status : **Answered** Chosen Option :



Anjali, Bipasha, and Chitra visited an entertainment park that has four rides. Each ride lasts one hour and can accommodate one visitor at one point. All rides begin at 9 am and must be completed by 5 pm except for Ride-3, for which the last ride has to be completed by 1 pm. Ride gates open every 30 minutes, e.g. 10 am, 10:30 am, and so on. Whenever a ride gate opens, and there is no visitor inside, the first visitor waiting in the queue buys the ticket just before taking the ride. The ticket prices are Rs. 20, Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 for Rides 1 to 4, respectively. Each of the three visitors took at least one ride and did not necessarily take all rides. None of them took the same ride more than once. The movement time from one ride to another is negligible, and a visitor leaves the ride immediately after the completion of the ride. No one takes a break inside the park unless mentioned explicitly.

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#### SubQuestion No : 19

#### Q.19 How many rides did Anjali and Chitra take in total?

Case Sensitivity: No

Answer Type: Equal

**Possible Answer: 6** 

Given 5 Answer :

> Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816383 Status : Answered

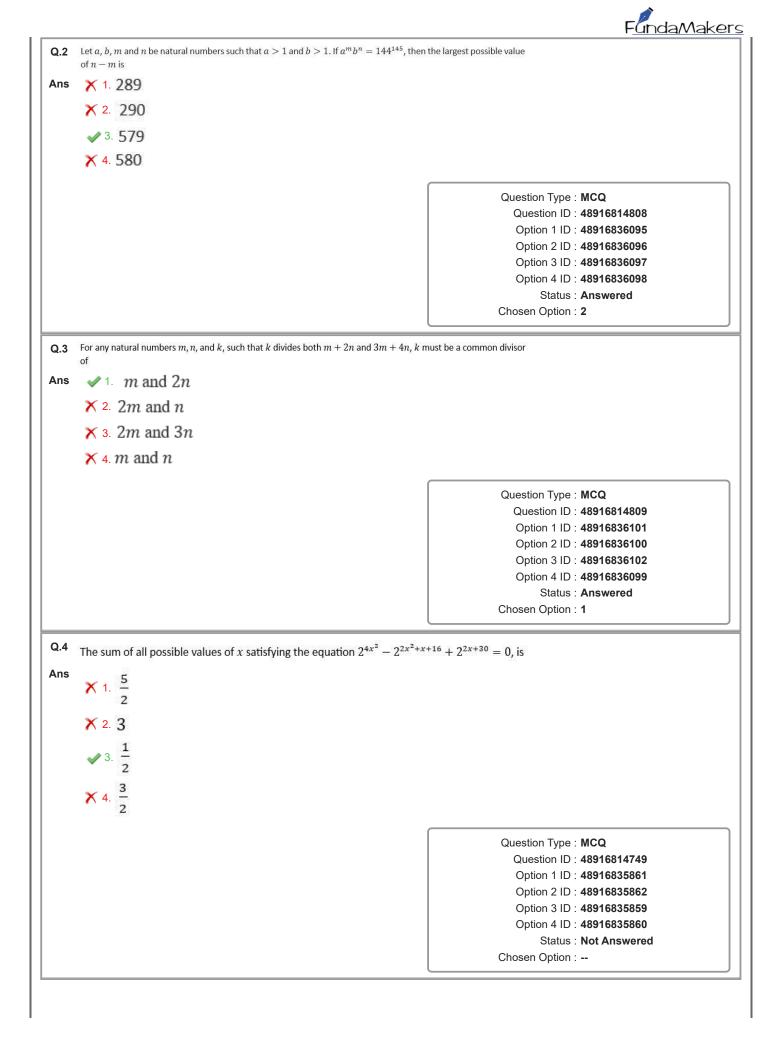


	Comprehension:
	Anjali, Bipasha, and Chitra visited an entertainment park that has four rides. Each ride lasts one hour and can accommodate one visitor at one point. All rides begin at 9 am and must be completed by 5 pm except for Ride-3, for which the last ride has to be completed by 1 pm. Ride gates open every 30 minutes, e.g. 10 am, 10:30 am, and so on. Whenever a ride gate opens, and there is no visitor inside, the first visitor waiting in the queue buys the ticket just before taking the ride. The ticket prices are Rs. 20, Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 40 for Rides 1 to 4, respectively. Each of the three visitors took at least one ride and did not necessarily take all rides. None of them took the same ride more than once. The movement time from one ride to another is negligible, and a visitor leaves the ride immediately after the completion of the ride. No one takes a break inside the park unless mentioned explicitly.
	The following information is also known.
	<ol> <li>Chitra never waited in the queue and completed her visit by 11 am after spending Rs.</li> <li>to pay for the ticket(s).</li> <li>Anjali took Ride-1 at 11 am after waiting for 30 mins for Chitra to complete it. It was the only ride where Anjali waited.</li> <li>Bipasha began her first of three rides at 11:30 am. All three visitors incurred the same amount of ticket expense by 12:15 pm.</li> <li>The last ride taken by Anjali and Bipasha was the same, where Bipasha waited 30 mins for Anjali to complete her ride. Before standing in the queue for that ride, Bipasha took a 1-hour coffee break after completing her previous ride.</li> </ol>
	SubQuestion No : 20
Q.20	What was the total amount spent on tickets (in Rs.) by Anjali?
	Case Sensitivity: No
	Answer Type: Equal
	Possible Answer: 140
Giver Answer	
	Question Type : SA

Question ID : 48916816384 Status : Answered

Section : QA

Q.1 Any non-zero real numbers x, y such that  $y \neq 3$  and  $\frac{x}{y} < \frac{x+3}{y-3}$ , will satisfy the condition Ans  $\times$  1. If x < 0, then -x < y  $\times 2$ .  $\frac{x}{y} < \frac{y}{x}$   $\times 3$ . If y > 10, then -x > y  $\checkmark 4$ . If y < 0, then -x < yQuestion Type : MCQ Question ID: 48916814817 Option 1 ID: 48916836132 Option 2 ID: 48916836131 Option 3 ID: 48916836133 Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

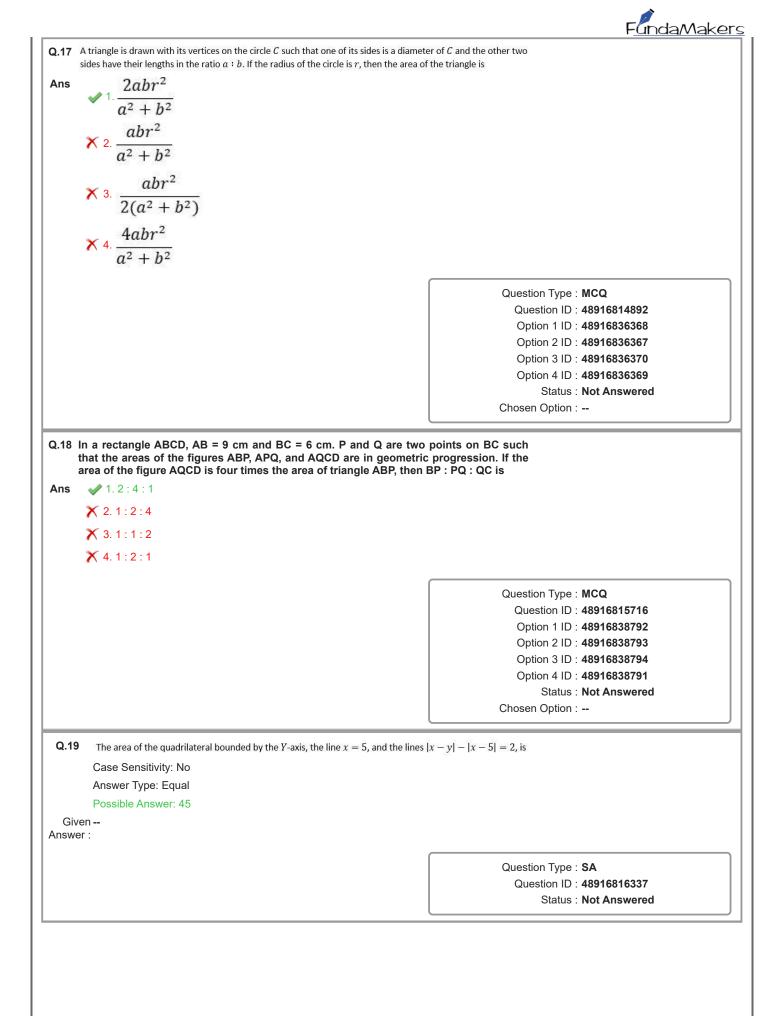


Q.5	For some positive real number x if $\log_{-}(x) \pm \frac{\log_{x}(25)}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$	then the value of log $(2x^2)$ is	
	For some positive real number x, if $\log_{\sqrt{3}}(x) + \frac{\log_x(25)}{\log_x(0.008)} = \frac{16}{3}$ , then the value of $\log_3(3x^2)$ is		
	Case Sensitivity: No		
	Answer Type: Equal		
	Possible Answer: 7		
Give			
nswer	1.		
		Question Type : SA	
		Question ID : 48916815392	
		Status : Not Answered	
Q.6	Let k be the largest integer such that the equation $(x - 1)^2 + 2kx + 11 =$ real number, then the least possible value of $\frac{k}{4y} + 9y$ is	0 has no real roots. If y is a positive	
	Case Sensitivity: No		
	Answer Type: Equal		
	Possible Answer: 6		
Give	en		
nswer	r:		
		Question Type : SA	
		Question ID : <b>48916816326</b>	
		Status : Not Answered	
Q.7	The number of positive integers less than 50, having exact other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal	ctly two distinct factors	
Give	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15	ictly two distinct factors	
Give	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15		
Give	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15	Question Type : <b>SA</b>	
Give	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15	Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>48916816325</b>	
Give	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15	Question Type : <b>SA</b>	
Give nswer 2.8 T h lo p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r : The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer 2.8 T h lc p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r : The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference bet owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces w	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer 2.8 T h p lc p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r : The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer 2.8 T h p lc p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into blece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is X 1. 1620000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into blece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betro owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 X 2. 1944000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer 2.8 T b lo p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give nswer 2.8 T h lo p	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered	
Give Inswer	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each	
Give Inswer	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita o four pieces with each ween the highest and vill be 288000. Then, the Question Type : MCQ	
Give Answer Q.8 T h lo p Ans	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita of our pieces with each tween the highest and will be 288000. Then, the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816261	
Give Answer Q.8 T h lo p Ans	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita of our pieces with each ween the highest and will be 288000. Then, the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816261 Option 1 ID : 48916840669	
Give Answer Q.8 T h lo p Ans	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita of our pieces with each ween the highest and vill be 288000. Then, the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816261 Option 1 ID : 48916840669 Option 2 ID : 48916840669	
Give Answer Q.8 T h lo p Ans	other than 1 and itself, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 15 en r: The price of a precious stone is directly proportional to the has a precious stone weighing 18 units. If she breaks it into biece having distinct integer weight, then the difference betto owest possible values of the total price of the four pieces we price of the original precious stone is 1. 1620000 2. 1944000 3. 1296000	Question Type : SA Question ID : 48916816325 Status : Not Answered square of its weight. Sita of our pieces with each ween the highest and will be 288000. Then, the Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916816261 Option 1 ID : 48916840669 Option 2 ID : 48916840667 Option 3 ID : 48916840666	

Q.9	Pipes A and C are fill pipes while Pipe B is a drain pipe of a tank. Pipe B empties the full tank in one hour less than the time taken by Pipe A to fill the empty tank. When pipes A, B and C are turned on together, the empty tank is filled in two hours. If pipes B and C are turned on together when the tank is empty and Pipe B is turned off after one hour, then Pipe C takes another one hour and 15 minutes to fill the remaining tank. If Pipe A can fill the empty tank in less than five hours, then the time taken, in minutes, by Pipe C to fill the empty tank is	
ns	✓ 1.90	
	<b>X</b> 2. 120	
	× 3.75	
	× 4.60	
	<b>^</b> 4.00	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 48916815763
		Option 1 ID : 48916838969
		Option 2 ID : 48916838972
		Option 3 ID : 48916838971
		Option 4 ID : 48916838970
2.10	Ravi is driving at a speed of 40 km/h on a road. Vij driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the	Status :       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed,
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225	Status :       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed,
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is	Status :       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed,
).10 Ans	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6	Status :       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed,
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1.61.6 2.64.4	Status :       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed,
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option : ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status:       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same         Duestion Type : MCQ
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option : ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status:       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :         ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same         Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815769
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :          ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status:       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :          ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same
	driving in the same direction as Ravi. Ashok is driv opposite direction at a speed of 50 km/h and is 225 in km/h, at which Vijay should drive so that all the time, is 1. 61.6 2. 64.4 3. 67.2	Status       Not Attempted and Marked For Review         Chosen Option :          ay is 54 meters behind Ravi and ving along the same road from the 5 meters away from Ravi. The speed, three cross each other at the same

		FundaMaker
Q.11	In a company, 20% of the employees work in the manufacturing depa salary obtained by all the manufacturing employees is one-sixth of the obtained by all the employees in the company, then the ratio of the a obtained by the manufacturing employees to the average salary obtain manufacturing employees is	he total salary verage salary
Ans		
	<b>X</b> 2. 6 : 5	
	✓ 3. 4 : 5	
	<b>X</b> 4. 5 : 6	
	A 4.0.0	
		Question Type : <b>MCQ</b> Question ID : <b>48916814981</b> Option 1 ID : <b>48916836652</b> Option 2 ID : <b>48916836655</b> Option 3 ID : <b>48916836653</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916836654</b> Status : <b>Answered</b> Chosen Option : <b>3</b>
Q.12	2 Anil borrows Rs 2 lakhs at an interest rate of 8% per annum, compound He repays Rs 10320 at the end of the first year and closes the loan by outstanding amount at the end of the third year. Then, the total inter- over the three years is nearest to	y paying the
Ans	s 🗙 1. 33130	
	🗙 2. 40991	
	🗙 3. 45311	
	✓ 4. 51311	
		Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916814752 Option 1 ID : 48916835874 Option 2 ID : 48916835872 Option 3 ID : 48916835873 Option 4 ID : 48916835871 Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review Chosen Option :
Q.13	<sup>3</sup> Minu purchases a pair of sunglasses at Rs.1000 and sells to Kanu a Kanu sells it back to Minu at 20% loss. Finally, Minu sells the same to Tanu. If the total profit made by Minu from all her transactions i percentage of profit made by Minu when she sold the pair of sunglas	pair of sunglasses s Rs.500, then the
Ans	*	
	X 2. 52%	
	✗ 3. 35.42%	
	X 4. 26%	
		Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815845 Option 1 ID : 48916839269 Option 2 ID : 48916839272 Option 3 ID : 48916839270 Option 4 ID : 48916839271 Status : Answered

re ci ci Ci A	A container has 40 liters of milk. Then, 4 liters are removed from eplaced with 4 liters of water. This process of replacing 4 liters of container with an equal volume of water is continued repeatedly. humber of times of doing this process, after which the volume of container becomes less than that of water, is Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 7	of the liquid in the The smallest
A P Given <b>4</b>	Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 7	Question Type : SA
P Given <b>4</b>	Possible Answer: 7	Question Type : SA
Given 4		Question Type : SA
	L Contraction of the second seco	Question Type : SA
Answer :		Question Type - SA
		Question Type : SA
		Question ID : <b>48916816350</b>
		Status : Answered
re	f a certain amount of money is divided equally among <i>n</i> persons, each one receives Rs 35 receive Rs 506 each and the remaining amount is divided equally among the other pers ess than or equal to Rs 330. Then, the maximum possible value of <i>n</i> is	
С	Case Sensitivity: No	
A	Answer Type: Equal	
Р	Possible Answer: 16	
Given 14	4	
Answer :		
		Question Type : <b>SA</b> Question ID : <b>48916816342</b>
		Status : Answered
a th si 5 <sup>.</sup>	layant bought a certain number of white shirts at the rate of Rs 1 a certain number of blue shirts at the rate of Rs 1125 per piece. F hen set a fixed market price which was 25% higher than the aver shirts. He sold all the shirts at a discount of 10% and made a tota 51000. If he bought both colors of shirts, then the maximum poss of shirts that he could have bought is	or each shirt, he age cost of all the I profit of Rs
С	Case Sensitivity: No	
A	Answer Type: Equal	
Р	Possible Answer: 407	
Given		
Answer :		
		Question Type : <b>SA</b>
		Question ID : <b>48916816341</b>
		Status : Not Answered





Q.20	If $p^2 + q^2 - 29 = 2pq - 20 = 52 - 2pq$ , then the difference b minimum possible value of $(p^3 - q^3)$ is	etween the maximum and
Ans	★ 1. 243	
	× 2. 189	
	✗ ₃. 486	
	<b>√</b> 4. <b>378</b>	
		Question Type : MCQ Question ID : 48916815728 Option 1 ID : 48916838841 Option 2 ID : 48916838842
		Option 2 ID : <b>48916838842</b> Option 3 ID : <b>48916838839</b>
		Option 4 ID : 48916838840
		Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
Q.21 Ans	Let both the series $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$ and $b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots$ be in arithmetic progression such both the series are prime numbers. If $a_5 = b_9$ , $a_{19} = b_{19}$ and $b_2 = 0$ , then $a_{11}$ erection 1.86 $\times$ 2.83 $\checkmark$ 3.79 $\checkmark$ 4.84	
		Question Type : MCQ
		Question ID : 48916814885
		Option 1 ID : 48916836342
		Option 2 ID : 48916836340
		Option 3 ID : 48916836339
		Option 3 ID : <b>48916836339</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916836341</b>
		Option 3 ID : <b>48916836339</b> Option 4 ID : <b>48916836341</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b>
		Option 4 ID : 48916836341
Q.22 Giv Answe	n. Then, the largest three digit integer that is common to both these sequence Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 967 /en <b>25</b>	Option 4 ID : <b>48916836341</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Giv	n. Then, the largest three digit integer that is common to both these sequence Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 967 /en <b>25</b>	Option 4 ID : <b>48916836341</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :
Giv	n. Then, the largest three digit integer that is common to both these sequence Case Sensitivity: No Answer Type: Equal Possible Answer: 967 /en <b>25</b>	Option 4 ID : <b>48916836341</b> Status : <b>Not Answered</b> Chosen Option :

